

## Double Effect Steam Driven Absorption Chiller 115 TR (400 kW) to 2110 TR (7420 kW)



**Absorption Cooling & Heating Solutions** 

### Sustainable Solutions in Energy & Environment

Thermax is a USD 750 million engineering major providing sustainable solutions in the areas of energy and environment. Spanning over 90 countries, customers make use of Thermax's business-to-business solutions for heating, cooling, power and cogeneration plants; waste heat recovery units; systems for water & wastewater management and air pollution control; performance improving chemicals.

Thermax's operations are supported by ongoing Research & Development and also with tie-ups from global technology majors. With an international sales & service network spread over 27 countries, Thermax also has it's state-of-the-art manufacturing facilities in 14 locations including India, Poland, Indonesia, Denmark & Germany.

## **Our Vision**

To be a globally respected high performance organization offering sustainable solutions in energy and environment

## We heat, we cool, we power and we clean

Thermax, an engineering company providing sustainable solutions in energy and environment, has the vision for the future, firmly anchored in the belief that to stay competitive, companies need to adopt sustainable development practices.



The systems, products and services developed by Thermax help industries achieve better resource productivity and improve bottom lines, while maintaining a cleaner environment. Even in the conversion of costs to profits, Thermax helps to protect the environment in it's own way. A win-win for industry and the society at large.

Thermax's business portfolio includes products for heating, cooling, water and waste management, and specialty chemicals. The company also designs, builds and commissions large boilers for steam and power generation, turnkey power plants, industrial & municipal waste water treatment plants, waste heat recovery systems and air pollution control projects.



## **Thermax Cooling Business**

With over 50 years of expertise in the field of Thermodynamics, Thermax helps extract even the last calorie available at your facility. Solutions in the form of absorption chillers, heat pump, chiller-heaters, composite chillers, ultra low pressure vapour chiller & multi energy chillers are used in more than 100 applications and over 50 industrial segments for air conditioning, industrial cooling and heating.

Thermax absorption chillers cater to industrial-cooling, commercial air-conditioning as well as industrial and space heating needs. Thermax's USP lies in identifying the unused heat available at your plant and provide recovery based or live energy based solutions to optimize energy thus reducing your operational cost.

Thermax offers solutions from -40°C to 180°C by utilizing hot water starting from 80°C / vapour or steam from 0 bar(g) onwards/flue gases from engine and turbines from 270°C onwards and a variety of liquid and gaseous fuel.

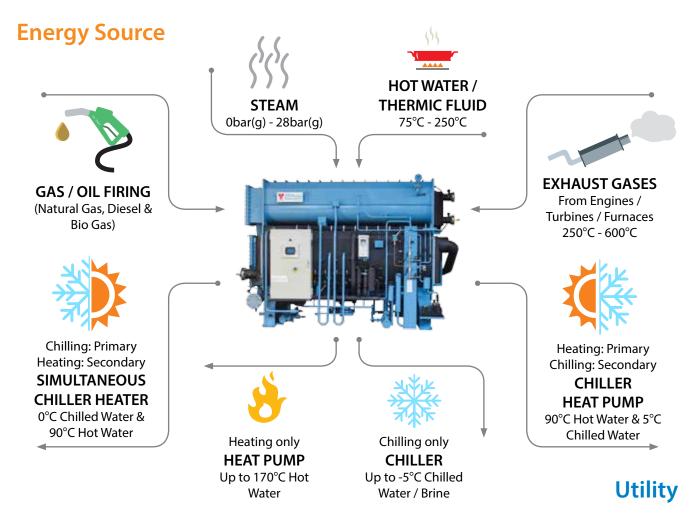
Thermax has helped clients with Eco-friendly airconditioning and process cooling to reduce their carbon footprints. Thermax has a global foot print in 90+ countries across Asia Pacific, Africa, Middle East to CIS countries, USA and South America.

Thermax offers solutions to a wide array of industrial segments including pharmaceuticals, chemicals, fertilizers, steel, textiles, petrochemicals, food & beverages, commercial complexes, shopping complexes, office buildings, educational institutes, and airports among others.

Solutions offered by Thermax are differentiated by:

- Reduction of operational cost
- Reduction in electricity consumption
- Reduction in the GHG emissions, zero ozone depletion potential

Thermax's unique heating & cooling solutions accommodate a wide range of industrial & commercial applications across the globe. These solutions deliver high efficiency, cost effectiveness & are environment friendly.



## Manufacturing Excellence

Inaugurated in early 2019, Thermax's manufacturing facility at Sricity, Andhra Pradesh is world-class and has been designed focusing on process automation, mechanisation and digitisation. This smart facility is equipped with best in class machinery and is a big step towards automation to facilitate zero-defect processes ensuring superior quality products. Critical processes such as welding are carried out with robots and CNC machines carry out the precision machining activities. Fabrication processes are mechanised using specially designed fixtures. Entire manufacturing records are digitised for real time updates using MES software. Engineering design automation using 3D drawings, Cloud computing and MES have enabled this plant to employ contemporary technologies and follow the path of Industry 4.0 principles. The plant is equipped with a Welding Training Centre to hone the skills of operators. Products upto 3000 TR capacity can be tested for performance at its digitally controlled test bay facility. This infrastructure is created to deliver best in class quality output.

### Certifications

### **Recognized by global standards**

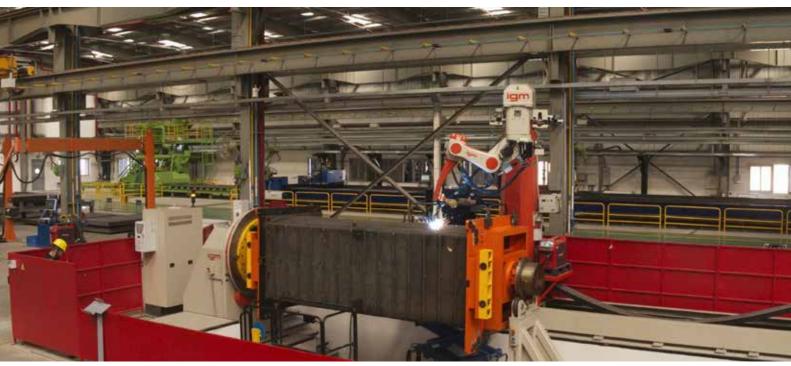
















## Salient Features

## Best-in-class Coefficient of Performance

Thermax Chillers come with a process design that ensures maximum internal heat recovery to give the lowest specific steam consumption benefit.

Avenues for COP improvement								
Enlargement of heat	Done by all							
transfer area	manufacturers							
Two stage evaporation	Unique feature of							
Two stage evaporation	Thermax chillers							
Advanced series flow	unique to Thermax							
Design	chillers							
Refrigerant heat	Unique feature of							
exchanger	Thermax chillers							

## **Advanced Series Flow Cycle**

Thermax chillers have an advanced Series Flow Cycle to avoid simultaneous occurrence of high temperature and high concentration, thereby minimizing the probability of corrosion.

Parameter	Parallel Flow	Advanced Series Flow
HTG Temperature	162°C	155°C
LiBr Concentration	64 - 65%	60.5%
LTG Temperature	88°C	90°C
LiBr Concentration	62 - 64%	63%

## Unique Two Stage Evaporation Technology

Thermax chillers are designed based on unique two stage evaporation technology. This ensures that the specific heat input is one of the lowest in the industry, resulting in higher cooling output for the same heat input. Also, larger temperature difference in chilled water to the tune of 30°C, is possible.

## **Gravity Feed LiBr and Refrigerant Distribution Mechanism**

With a nozzle-less, non-clogging gravity feed distribution mechanism for stable and reliable operation throughout the life of the machine, Thermax chillers eliminate the drop in performance. Need for separate pump for spray eliminated, resulting in lower power consumption.

## **Split Evaporator Design**

Split evaporator design of the chillers help to improve absorption rate of LiBr, thereby improving efficiency.

## **Zero Crystallization**

With an unique state-of-the-art concentration monitoring & control, Thermax chillers operate even at low cooling water inlet temperature without crystallization. This unique feature virtually eliminates crystallization and is distinctly different from the conventional auto de-crystallization.

## Lowest Chilled Water/ Brine Outlet Temperature

Thermax innovative absorption chillers can deliver leaving chilled water temperatures down to 1°C and leaving chilled brine solution up to -2°C, enabling absorption chillers to be used for applications involving low chilled water / brine temperature.

## Highly Efficient and Reliable Solution Heat Exchangers for Maximum Internal Heat Recovery

All regenerative heat exchangers from Thermax are high efficiency plate type heat exchangers with SS316 plates, for improved reliability.

## Welded Plate Heat Exchanger for Condensate Heat Recovery

Specially designed welded type plate heat exchanger from Thermax with SS316 plates are used as heat reclaimer for condensate heat recovery. These are best suited for two phase flow and are highly reliable compared to conventional brazed heat exchangers.

## Isolation Valves for Canned Motor Pumps

Double seal isolation valves and bolted pumps facilitate easy maintenance of the machine mounted canned motor pumps without any loss of vacuum in the system. This significantly reduces the down time of Thermax chillers.

## De-oxidised Low Phosphorus Copper Tubes

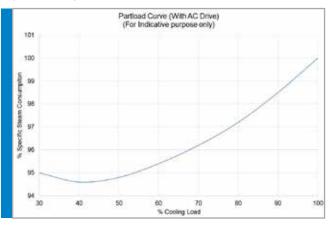
Copper tubes conforming to ASTM/JIS standards, with phosphorus content maintained below 0.005 ppm are used in chilled water and cooling water circuits. This protects the tubes from hydrogen embrittlement in LiBr environment.

# Ferritic Stainless Steel Tubes in Generators

Titanium stabilized ferritic stainless steel tubes (SS430 Ti) are used in both high temperature and low temperature generator for lowest differential thermal expansion, thereby protecting the tubes from stress corrosion cracking. Suitable for steam with dissolved ammonia compounds, where copper alloys are not recommended.

## Variable Frequency Drive on Absorbent Pump

Variable Frequency Drive on absorbent pump for higher reliability, savings in steam and savings in power, during part load operation.



### **10-100% Stepless Modulation**

For cooling loads ranging from 10% to 100% of the designed capacity, the steam control valve automatically varies steam flow in order to maintain the temperature of chilled water leaving the chiller.

## **PLC Based Control Panel**

Thermax chillers are provided with advanced PLC based control panel, user friendly 7 inch touch screen operator interface and data logging system.

4 / 10 / 201 15 : 30 : 42	5		Acknowledge	Reset
Cooling Capacity Churled Water Inlet Temperature	590 TR	Chiller Status Mode		5109
Outlet Temperature	7.0	Librard Refiger High Temperatur		154.1 🔍
Setpoint Cooling Water	7.0	Low Temperature Pump Status	Generator	92.2 ···
Inlet Temperature Outlet Temperature	32.1 38.1	Absorbent Re	trigerant Purge	ПЛЛ
Steam		50 Hz	5-6. Jr.6.	
Control Valve Opening	63	1		oor at
Valve Opening Limit	100	Report	Setting	Ger Ba

### **Multi-stage Level Control**

Multiple stage level control in three locations enable effective operation during part load and prevents cavitation of refrigerant and absorbent pumps.

### **BAS/DCS Connectivity**

Direct connectivity of machine PLC panel with Third party monitoring systems like BAS (Building Automation System), DCS (Distributed Control System) or PLC (Programmable Logic Controller) can be provided via Modbus RTU protocol on RS485 network.

### Improved Online Purge System

Factory fitted high efficiency purge system with purge cooler, continuously removes non-condensable gases from the chiller into the storage tank while in operation. A high efficiency multi-location purging system helps to independently remove non-condensable gases from different pressure levels.

### **Non-toxic Corrosion Inhibitor**

New generation non-precipitating, non-toxic molybdenum based corrosion inhibitor which is more effective than conventional inhibitors based on Chromate (Cancer causing, prohibited in several countries) and Nitrate.

## **Customised Solutions**

## Customized Electrical and Instrumentation

Thermax possesses rich experience supplying chillers for critical applications in refinery and petrochemical plants across the globe. Thermax has in house capability to address critical applications such as:

- Hazardous area design for gas group class 1, division 2, IIA/IIB, per IEC and NEC Standards
- Redundant PLC systems, with redundancy at all levels, of various makes for fail safe operations
- Centralized Load management systems for multiple machines operating in tandem
- SCADA connectivity for remote monitoring and control of machines.

## Tailor Made, High Efficiency Solutions for Low Steam Pressure

Double effect absorption chillers can be offered for steam pressures as low as 3 bar(g), where conventionally single effect chillers are used.

## LiBr Absorption Chillers for Sub-Zero Cooling Applications

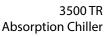
Lithium bromide absorption chillers can be offered for leaving brine temperatures as low as -10°C, offering great savings in operating costs.

### **Stand-by Pumps**

For critical applications where scheduled maintenance of pumps cannot be carried out, stand-by absorbent, re-frigerant and/or vacuum pump can be provided.

## **Special Tube Metallurgy**

Special tube materials like Cupro-Nickel, Stainless Steel or Titanium depending on water quality on site. This not only improves the reliability & efficiency but also makes the chiller suitable for special applications involving sea water and brackish water.





## **Fully Automatic Purging**

The automatic purging system eliminates the need for periodic monitoring of purge tank pressure and operation of purge system.

## Multi Sectional Shipment Arrangement

For convenience of shipping, the absorption chillers can be shipped in two or more sections depending upon the site requirement. This is particularly convenient arrangement for retrofit / replacement jobs.

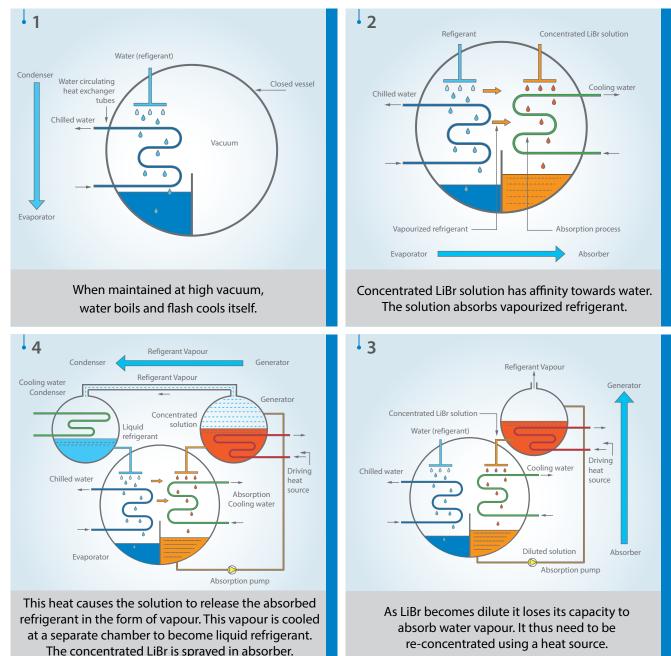
# Chillers for High Capacity & High Pressure

As pioneers in Absorption technology, we offer specially designed absorption chillers for high capacity, high COP, customized solutions to cater large industrial and commercial air conditioning requirements. Chillers with steam and water circuits are designed for higher operating pressures such as 16 bar(g) and 25 bar(g).



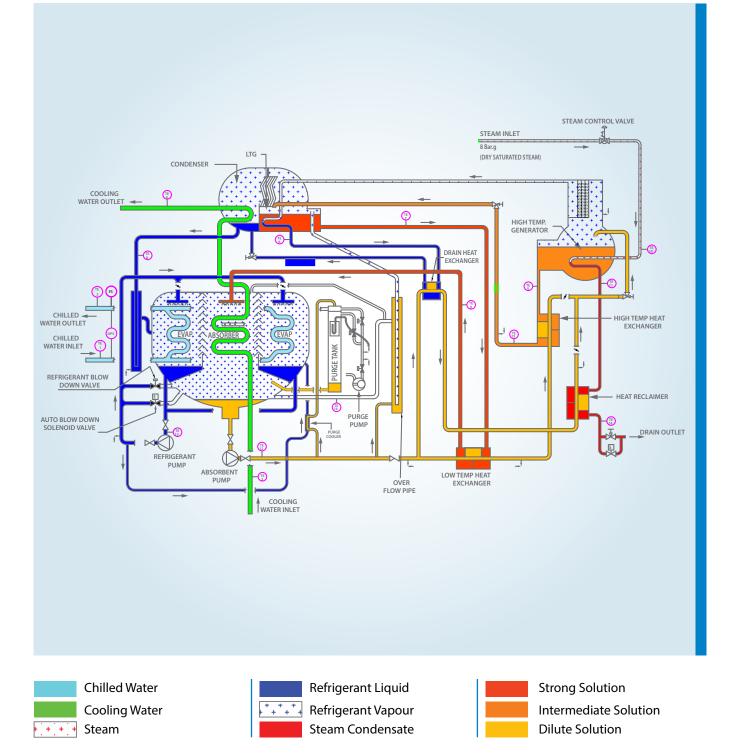
## **Basic Principle**

Vapour Absorption Machine uses water as the refrigerant and Lithium Bromide (LiBr) solution as the absorbent. The process of cooling goes through stages such as evaporation of refrigerant in evaporator, absorption of refrigerant by concentrated LiBr solution in absorber, boiling of dilute LiBr solution to generate refrigerant vapour in generator and condensation of refrigerant vapour in condenser. The boiling point of water is directly proportional to pressure. At 6mmHg absolute pressure the boiling point of water is 3.7°C. To change water from liquid to vapour it has to be heated. The heat, required to change the phase of a liquid to vapour, is called the Latent heat of evaporation.



LiBr is a chemical similar to common salt (NaCl). LiBr is soluble in water. The LiBr water solution has a property to absorb water due to its chemical affinity. As the concentration of LiBr solution increases, its affinity towards water vapour increases. Also as the temperature of LiBr solution decreases, its affinity to water vapour increases. Further, there is a large difference between vapour pressure of LiBr and water. This means that if we heat the LiBr water solution, the water will vapourise but the LiBr will stay in the solution and become concentrated.

## Cycle of Operation



### **Evaporator**

The evaporator consists of a tube bundle, an outer shell, distribution trays, and a refrigerant pan. The process water to be cooled flows inside the evaporator tubes. A refrigerant pump circulates the liquid refrigerant from the refrigerant pan into the distribution trays. From the trays, the refrigerant falls on the evaporator tubes. The shell pressure is very low ( $\approx$ 6mmHg). At this pressure the refrigerant evaporates at a low temperature and extracts latent heat of evaporation from the water being circulated through the evaporator tubes. Thus the heat is extracted from the process water being circulated through the tubes and it gets cooled.

### Absorber

The absorber consists of a tube bundle, an outer shell (common with the evaporator), distribution trays, and an absorbent collection sump. Concentrated absorbent solution (»63.4%) from the Low temperature generator (LTG) is fed into the distribution trays. This solution falls on the absorber tubes.

Concentrated absorbent has an affinity to water vapour. Hence the vapourized refrigerant from the evaporator section is absorbed by the concentrated absorbent. Due to this absorption the vacuum in the shell is maintained and ensures the heat extraction from the chilled water.

The concentrated absorbent becomes diluted. During dilution the 'Heat of Dilution' is generated. This increases the temperature of the absorbent solution. The cooling water being circulated in the absorber tubes removes the heat of dilution.

As it loses its heat to the cooling water, the absorbent is able to absorb more refrigerant vapour and gets further diluted. The diluted absorbent (»57.0%) collects in the bottom of the shell.

### **Solution Heat exchangers**

The absorbent pump pumps the diluted absorbent to the high temperature generator. A part of it first passes through drain heat exchanger where it absorbs heat from the condensed refrigerant from the low temperature generator. It next flows through heat reclaimer where it absorbs heat from steam condensate. The other part of liquid passes through the low temperature heat exchanger where it absorbs heat from the concentrated absorbent.

It next flows through the high temperature heat exchanger where it absorbs heat from the intermediate absorbent solution. Then both the dilute solutions mix at high temperature heat exchanger outlet. This solution then enters the high temperature generator. The heat exchangers serve to heat up the absorbent solution before it enters the high temperature generator for regeneration. This reduces the heat input required in the high temperature generator. This increases the efficiency of the cycle.

### **High Temperature Generator**

The high temperature generator (HTG) consists of a tube bundle, an outer shell and a set of eliminators. Steam passes through the tubes and heats the diluted absorbent flowing around these. The temperature of the solution increases until it reaches its boiling point. The absorbed refrigerant boils out of the solution and the solution concentration increases (»61%) and is referred to as the intermediate solution. The refrigerant vapour generated passes through the eliminators and goes to the low temperature generator.

### Low Temperature Generator

The refrigerant vapour flowing in the low temperature generator (LTG) tubes heats the intermediate absorbent flowing outside the tubes and condenses. The condensed refrigerant flows into the condenser. Refrigerant vapourised from the intermediate absorbent passes through the eliminators to the condenser.

### Condenser

The cooling water circulated inside the condenser tubes cools the vapours coming from low temperature generator. The refrigerant vapour condenses on the outside of the condenser tubes and collects in the bottom of the condenser. The condensed refrigerant from the LTG tubes and the condenser mix, and flow to the evaporator. The absorbent, which has become concentrated in the LTG (63.4%) drains to the absorber to begin a new absorbent cycle.



## **Technical** Specifications

Paramete	rs	TAC	S2 C3	S2 C4	S2 D1	S2 D2	S2 D3	S2 D4	S2 E1	S2 E2	S2 E3
Capacity	Cooling Capacity	TR	114	143	182	216	269	305	363	403	462
Chilled Water	Flow rate	m³/hr	68.8	86.3	109.8	130.3	162.3	184.0	219.0	243.1	278.7
Circuit	Connection Diameter	DN		1	25		150				200
Cooling	Flow rate	m³/hr	114	143	182	216	269	305	363	403	462
Water Circuit	Connection Diameter	DN		1	50			200			250
	Consumption	kg/hr	401	503	636	760	939	1066	1269	1409	1619
Steam Circuit	Connection Diameter (Steam)	DN	6	5	6	55	8	0	80		100
	Connection Diameter (Drain)	DN	4	0	40		40		40		40
• "	Length	mm	31	40	4160		4160		4770		4990
Overall Dimensions	Width	mm	21	40	2140		2400		2400		2600
	Height	mm	27	50	2750		2900		2900		3240
Weights	Operating Weight	x 1000 kg	6.8	7.0	8.5	8.7	10.6	10.8	12.1	14.7	15.2
weights	Max. Shipping Weight	x 1000 kg	6.4	6.5	8.0	8.2	10.3	10.4	11.7	14.0	14.3
Clearance	Tube Cleaning Space	mm	26	50	36	570	37	'10	4310		4680
	Absorbent Pump Motor Rating	kW (A)		2.2	2 (6)		3.0	(8)		3.7 (1	1)
	Refrigerant Pump Motor Rating	kW (A)		0.3	(1.4)		0.3	(1.4)		0.3 (1.	4)
Electric Supply	Vacuum Pump Motor Rating	kW (A)									
	Total Electric Input	kVA		7	7.6		9.1			11.2	
	Power Supply										

#### Notes:

- Model Nos. : TAC S2 XX New 1.5 COP Steam fired Double effect Vapour Absorption Chiller
- For All Models Chilled water inlet / outlet temperature = 12 / 7°C
- Cooling water inlet / outlet temperature = 32 / 37.1°C
- Steam at Control Valve Inlet is at 8 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>(g) pressure in dry saturated condition.
- Minimum Cooling water inlet temperature is 10°C

- Ambient condition shall be between 5 to 45°C
- Maximum Allowable pressure in chilled / cooling water system = 8.0 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>(g)
- Maximum Allowable pressure in steam system = 10.5 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>(g)
- Lowest Brine temperature is -5°C, Lowest Chilled water temperature is 1°C
- All Water Nozzle connections to suit ASME B16.5 Class 150

S2 E4	S2 E5	S2 E6	S2 F1	S2 F2	S2 F3	S2 G1	S2 G2	S2 G3	S2 G4	S2 G5	S2 G6	S2 H1	S2 H2	S2 J1	S2 J2
506	555	618	656	680	758	858	962	1062	1152	1301	1413	1587	1799	1904	2107
305.2	334.8	372.8	395.7	410.2	457.2	517.6	580.3	640.6	694.9	784.8	852.3	957.3	1085.2	1148.5	1271
	20	00		250		2	50	30	00	35	50	3	50	4(	)0
506	555	618	656	680	758	858	962	1062	1152	1301	1413	1587	1799	1904	2107
	3(	00		350		3!	50	4(	00	4	50	4	50	50	)0
1775	1944	2164	2286	2393	2666	3011	3370	3719	4044	4545	4947	5568	6297	6691	7369
	1(	00		125		12	25	1	50	15	50	1:	50	20	)0
	5	0		50		5	0	6	5	6	5	6	5	6	5
	4900	4930		6170		76	30	78	30	79	30	93	60	11(	)50
	27	80		2850		28	50	31	80	37	50	37	50	37	70
	35	00		3680		36	80	39	10	41	60	41	90	42	90
15.6	18.0	18.5	23.0	24.1	24.7	29.0	29.8	38.7	39.7	48.9	50.0	56.5	57.6	66.3	67.5
14.6	16.7	17.1	21.9	22.4	22.9	27.0	27.7	35.3	36.0	43.4	44.3	50.7	51.5	59.9	60.7
	47	10		5530		69	80	68	00	72	20	85	00	100	000
	5.5 (14)			6.6(17)			7.5	(20)			9.0	(27)		11(28)	
	0.3 (1.4)			1.5(5)		1.5 (5)				1.5(	5.0)		2.2(	8.5)	
			0.75(1.8)												
	13.4			18.1			20	).3			25	5.3		28	.5
	$415 V(\pm 100/) = 50 Hz (\pm 50/) = 2 Descel N$														

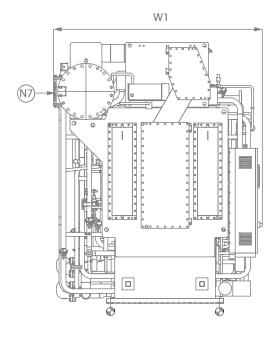
415 V( ±10%), 50 Hz (±5%), 3 Phase+N

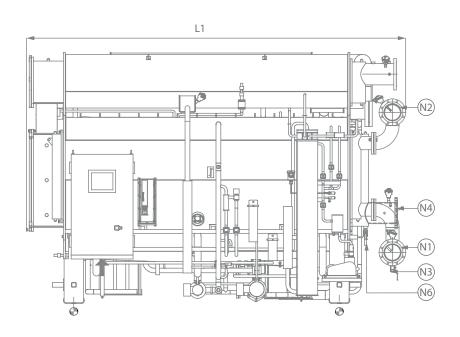
- Technical specification is based on JIS B 8622 : 2002
- VAM with higher Chilled water temperature difference also available
- Please contact Thermax representative / office for lower cooling water flow
- Please contact Thermax representative / office for customized specifications

## Uses high pressure steam at 3~10 bar(g) Heat Energy available in the form of:

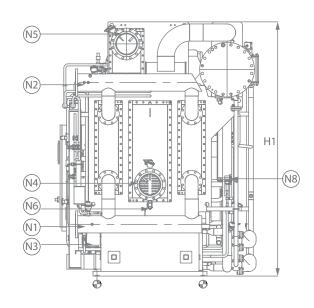
- Steam from boiler
- Steam from processes
- Steam from cogeneration plants
- Extraction from steam turbine

## **Physical Dimensions**





					Mach	ine Dimer	nsions				
Model	L1	W1	H1	N1	N2	N3	N4	N5	N6	N7	N8
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
TAC S2 C3	3140	2140	2750	125	125	25	150	150	25	65	40
TAC S2 C4	3140	2140	2750	125	125	25	150	150	25	65	40
TAC S2 D1	4160	2140	2750	125	125	25	150	150	25	65	40
TAC S2 D2	4160	2140	2750	125	125	25	150	150	25	65	40
TAC S2 D3	4160	2400	2900	150	150	25	200	200	25	80	40
TAC S2 D4	4160	2400	2900	150	150	25	200	200	25	80	40
TAC S2 E1	4770	2400	2900	150	150	25	200	200	25	80	40
TAC S2 E2	4900	2600	3240	200	200	25	250	250	25	100	40
TAC S2 E3	4900	2600	3240	200	200	25	250	250	25	100	40
TAC S2 E4	4900	2600	3240	200	200	25	250	250	25	100	40
TAC S2 E5	4930	2780	3500	200	200	25	300	300	25	100	50
TAC S2 E6	4930	2780	3500	200	200	25	300	300	25	100	50
TAC S2 F1	6170	2850	3680	250	250	25	350	350	25	125	50
TAC S2 F2	6170	2850	3680	250	250	25	350	350	25	125	50
TAC S2 F3	6170	2850	3680	250	250	25	350	350	25	125	50
TAC S2 G1	7630	2850	3680	250	250	25	350	350	25	125	50
TAC S2 G2	7630	2850	3680	250	250	25	350	350	25	125	50
TAC S2 G3	7830	3180	3910	300	300	25	400	400	25	150	65
TAC S2 G4	7830	3180	3910	300	300	25	400	400	25	150	65
TAC S2 G5	7930	3750	4160	350	350	25	450	450	25	150	65
TAC S2 G6	7930	3750	4160	350	350	25	450	450	25	150	65
TAC S2 H1	9360	3750	4190	350	350	25	450	450	25	150	65
TAC S2 H2	9360	3750	4190	350	350	25	450	450	25	150	65
TAC S2 J1	11050	3770	4290	400	400	25	500	500	25	200	65
TAC S2 J2	11050	3770	4290	400	400	25	500	500	25	200	65

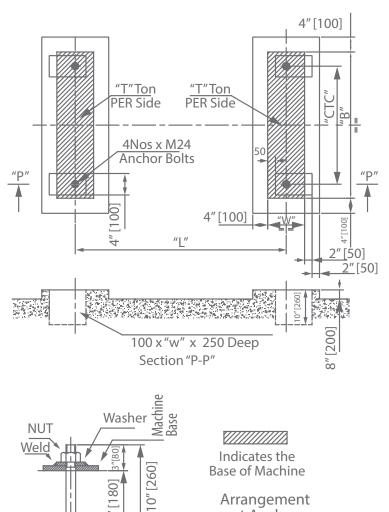


	F	oundatio	n	
L	W	В	стс	Ton
mm	mm	mm	mm	Ton
1816	250	1220	1120	3.40
1816	250	1220	1120	3.50
2836	250	1220	1120	4.30
2836	250	1220	1120	4.40
2836	250	1370	1270	5.30
2836	250	1370	1270	5.40
3444	250	1370	1270	6.10
3424	270	1450	1350	7.40
3424	270	1450	1350	7.60
3424	270	1450	1350	7.80
3424	270	1520	1420	9.00
3424	270	1520	1420	9.20
4384	310	1520	1420	11.50
4384	310	1520	1420	12.00
4384	310	1520	1420	12.30
5836	310	1520	1420	14.50
5836	310	1520	1420	14.90
5722	424	1764	1594	19.40
5722	424	1764	1594	19.90
5722	424	2114	1944	24.40
5722	424	2114	1944	25.00
6972	424	2114	1944	28.30
6972	424	2114	1944	28.30
8458	424	2114	1944	33.20
8458	424	2114	1944	33.70

Nozzle Schedule								
Nozzle Description								
FL	Rating							
ASA 150	Chilled Water Inlet							
ASA 150	Chilled Water Outlet							
-	Chilled Water Drain Valve							
ASA 150	<b>Cooling Water Inlet</b>							
ASA 150	Cooling Water Outlet							
-	Cooling Water Drain Valve							
ASA 150	Steam Inlet							
ASA 150 Condensate Outlet								
	Nozzle FL ASA 150 ASA 150 - ASA 150 ASA 150 - ASA 150							

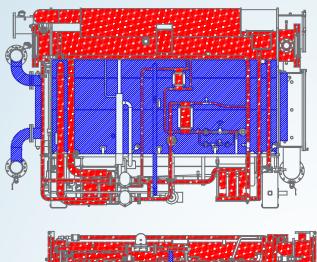
#### Minimum installation clearance

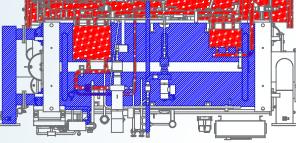
- Control Panel Side: 1250 mm
- Top: 200 mm Others: 500 mm
- Notes Indicates the position of anchor bolts ¢
  - Indicates the position of power supply to the control panel

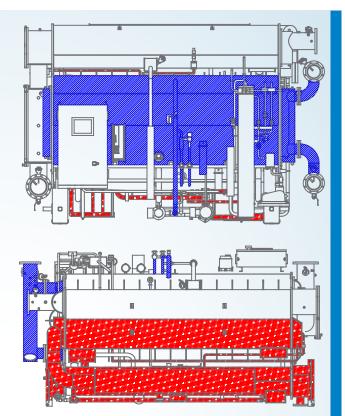


Arrangement at Anchor

## **Insulation Guidelines**







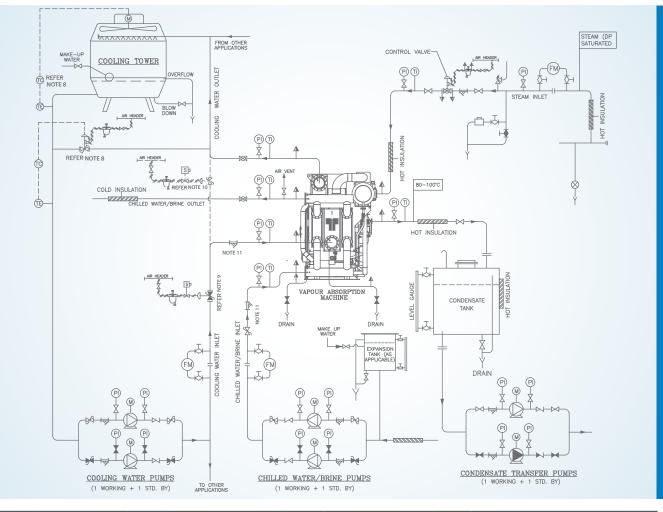
#### NOTES:

- Do not cover sight glass with insulation
- The total area includes the area of pipes in the machine
- Use non combustible insulation material
- LTHE & DHE shall be insulated with 1 layer of foam
- Insulation areas given in the table have been doubled assuming 2 layers of foam will be used
- Do not cover refrigerant pump motor with insulation

Model	Cold Surface Insulation	Surface Surface Surface		Hot Surface Insulation	
	m²	m²		m²	m²
TAC S2 C3	13.4	30.6	TAC S2 F2	35.0	87.9
TAC S2 C4	13.4	30.6	TAC S2 F3	35.0	87.9
TAC S2 D1	16.8	37.4	TAC S2 G1	41.8	107.0
TAC S2 D2	16.8	37.4	TAC S2 G2	41.8	107.0
TAC S2 D3	18.7	43.4	TAC S2 G3	48.4	121.0
TAC S2 D4	18.7	43.4	TAC S2 G4	48.4	121.0
TAC S2 E1	20.9	50.6	TAC S2 G5	56.3	140.2
TAC S2 E2	25.5	60.4	TAC S2 G6	56.3	140.2
TAC S2 E3	25.5	60.4	TAC S2 H1	63.0	171.0
TAC S2 E4	25.5	60.4	TAC S2 H2	63.0	171.0
TAC S2 E5	28.5	69.8	TAC S2 J1	72.5	211.0
TAC S2 E6	28.5	69.8	TAC S2 J2	72.5	211.0

Symbol	Surface	Description	Temperature Range
	COLD	25 mm(min) thick Elastomeric foam insulation	0°C [32°F] min
	НОТ	38 mm(19+19) thick EPDM foam	180°C [356°F] max

## **Piping and Instrumentation Guidelines**



$\bowtie$	Gate Valve (Open)	C 🛛	Control Valve (Open)	¢	Air Filter Regulator	M	Motor		
	Gate Valve (Close)	100001	<b>Bellow/ Flexible Connection</b>	P	Pressure Indicator		"Y" Strainer		
	Globe Valve (Open)	Re	Solenoid Valve		Temperature Indicator	*	Level Incicator		
1831	Globe Valve (Close)	×	Butterfly Valve (Open)	FM	Flow Meter	¥.	Safety Valve		
$\square$	Non Return Valve	M	Butterfly Valve (Close)	####	Pneumatic Line	L R	Pneumatic on/ off Butterfly valve		
Å	Cock	$\otimes$	Inverted Bucket Steam Trap	Q	Pump	र्य इंश्व	Electro-Pneumatic Globe Type Control Valve		
	Client Scope								

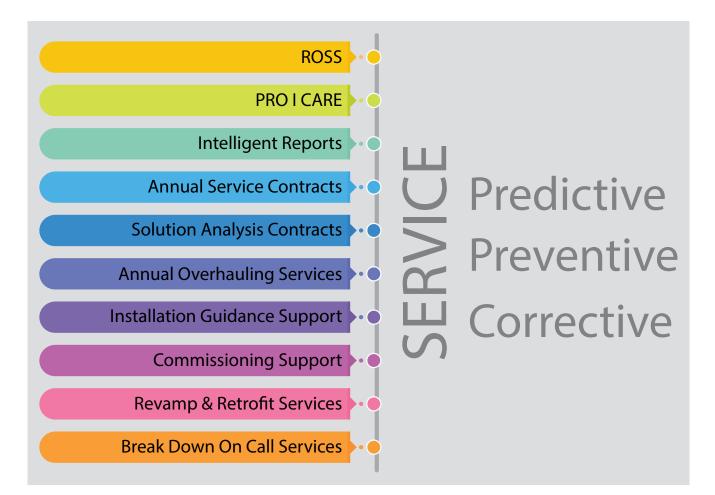
#### NOTES:

- Plant room temperature to be maintained between 5°C to 45°C.
- 2. Pressure reducing station and a safety valve to be provided on steam inlet line, if the design / operating pressure is more than 10.5 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>(g).
- 3. De-superheating station to be installed on steam inlet line if the degree of superheat of steam exceeds 15°C.
- 4. The back pressure in the condensate drain line should not be more than 10.0 mWC.
- 5. Automatic arrangements should be provided to stop cooling water flow through the machine, if the chilled water/brine flow stops.
- Maximum working pressure in water headers is 8.0 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>(g). This should be noted for design of chilled brine and cooling water system.
- 7. Clean & dry compressed air supply to the instruments to be  $5.0 \text{ kg/cm}^2(g)$ .

- Necessary arrangements to be made to maintain constant cooling water inlet temperature to chiller. Minimum allowable cooling water inlet temperature is 10°C.
- 9. Install automatic shut off valve on the cooling water inlet line, if cooling water pumps are not dedicated to the machine.
- If cooling water pumps are dedicated to the machine and chilled water/brine temperature is < 4.5°C install cooling water automatic shut off valve only on the bypass line between cooling water inlet and outlet.
- 11. Additional Y-strainers (20 mesh) should be installed on chilled water and cooling water inlet line close to the machine, to prevent choking & tube failure due to foreign particles.

## **Global Service Support – Cooling**

Thermax has a wide network of Service Centers throughout the globe to ensure quick response to customers. With a cumulative service experience of over 6000 VACs operating for more than 30 years, Thermax service personnel are equipped to deliver the right solution to the users. Thermax has developed specific modules for different types of users depending on their usage pattern, conforming to our proactive approach.



## PROICARE

PROiCARE is next generation AI based remote monitoring system. This feature enables the facility manager or Thermax engineer to monitor the performance remotely using internet. It offers features like e-logbook, status, trends, abnormal start-stops, maintenance schedules, alerts etc and keep track of their chiller. It's a round the clock service that gives you a unified view so you can track the performance of your machine from anywhere and resolve issues faster.(This feature is available on request)

## **Remote Services at Your Fingertip**

This technology offers a single point window to access and monitor the chiller performance along with easy and secure remote access to real-time operations, performance data, and historical analysis.

### **Advanced Monitoring**

ROSS offers a wide range of services which includes remote monitoring, advance trend analysis, data logging and diagnostic, enabling Thermax to provide proactive and well advance recommendation to keep the chiller performance intact and eliminating any future downtime.

## **Expert Opinion**

Real-time data and historical data from the chiller is collected and analyzed by Thermax experts, which enables identification of a potential threat to the chiller and provides resolution to the problem in time to enable unhindered continuous process by smooth operation of the chiller. In case of any major breakdown, the data analytics provides insight into the nature of the problem and hence enables a quick turnaround time.



## **Multi-layered security**

ROSS operates on an optimum level of security for remote connections and runs on VPN network, eliminating any security breach along with two point authentication and advanced user management ensures that data remains in safe hands at any given point.

## **Analytical Reports**

Customized reports are being generated with the intent to make a precise decision regarding the process, ensuring the optimum performance is delivered.

### Architecture



## A tailor-made offering for your specific needs

FEATURES	BASIC	ADVANCED	PRO
REMOTE ACCESS (24*7*365 days easy real-time access to the chiller)	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
ALARM NOTIFICATION (Notification with the set of customized alarms)	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
DATA LOGGING (Timely data logging of equipment)	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
CORRECTIVE ACTION (Expert opinion & intervention whenever required to maximize the uptime of chiller)	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
EVENT STATISTICS (Analysis of any recurring alarm & abnormality)		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
REPORTING (Précised reports)		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
OPERATIONAL DATA INSIGHT (Operational data analysis)			$\checkmark$
EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS (Overall chiller performance analysis)			$\checkmark$
We believe in increasing uptime, reducing unscheduled interruption and optimizing o	hille <mark>r eff</mark>	iciency.	

## **Our Prestigious Installations**

## Samsung Electronics, South Korea

Samsung Electronics, a South Korean multinational electronics company, is using four of Thermax's double effect steam chillers delivering total of 5000 TR of cooling for air-conditioning of their R&D building.



### Gildan, Honduras

Fifteen of Thermax's double effect steam driven absorption chillers (7300 TR) are used by Gildan, a textile major in Honduras (Central America) for air-conditioning of their production area where processes are carried out under controlled temperature and humidity. These chillers are installed in the production facility and run on the steam from the Biomass based Boiler.

### **Reliance Industries Ltd, India**

Thermax chillers, with a cumulative capacity of 12500 TR, at the refinery giant Reliance Industries Ltd's Jamnagar plant uses the chilled water for recovering propylene (LPG) from Fluid Catalytic Cracking (FCC) Unit.





## Central Energy Plant, Lansing, State of Michigan, USA

Thermax double effect steam fired absorption chillers with a cumulative capacity of 2000 TR are installed at central energy plant in Lansing, State of Michigan, USA for air-conditioning of various Government offices. These chillers run on the steam from the co-generation plant.



## Made In India for the World

Thermax adopts a partnering relationship with customers to address their energy and environmental challenges and enhance their performance and profits. With integrated energy-environment expertise and a proven track record in global markets, Thermax is the preferred partner of enterprises across industrial sectors in more than 85 countries.



- BMW (Germany)
- Ducati (Italy)
- Volkswagen (Germany)
- Ford Motors (India) Honda (Thailand)

### **Breweries**

- Karmeliten Brauerei (Germany)
- Carlsberg (India)
- Guiness Brewery (Nigeria)
- Peroni Brewery (Italy)
- United Breweries (India)

#### Chemicals

- Nirma (India)
- Celanese Corporation (USA)
- Gulf Flour (UAE)
- JBF RAK (UAE)
- Yaroslavl Paraffin Plant (Russia)

**Commercial / Hospitality** 

Hyatt Plaza (Qatar)

Carlyle Hotel (USA)

Hudson Yards (USA)

Gardens by the Bay

Atlantic City Casino (USA)

- Healthcare
- Niguarda Hospital (Italy)
- Brookedale Hospital (USA)
- DM Hospital (India)
- VallD'Herbron Hospital (Spain)
- **Royal Free Hospital**

#### Education

- Fordham University (USA)
- University Of Central Florida (USA)
- University of Magna Graecia
- (Italy)
- Shanghai Tech University (China)
- Michigan State University (USA)

#### **Beverages**



- Coca Cola (KSA) Silver Mill Natural Beverages
- (Sri Lanka)
  - Cardinal Agri (Philippines)
- Niagra Bottling (USA)
- Tata Global Beverages (India)

#### **Food Processing**



- Cadburys (Nigeria)
- Perfetti Van Melle
- (Bangladesh)
- PepsiCo (South Africa)
- Tipco Foods (Thailand)

#### Textile

- - Envoy Textiles (Bangladesh)
  - Indorama (Thailand)

#### **Refinery & Petrochemical**

- SABIC (KSA)
  - Essar Oil (UK)
  - Petrobras (Brazil)
  - Reliance Industries (India)
  - Covestro (USA)

#### Pharma

- GSK (India)
  - Novartis (China)
- Sanofi (Italy)
- Astra Zeneca (UK)
- Zydus Cadilla (India)

#### Metal



- Maklada Prestressed Steel (Tunisia)
- Vedanta Alumina Limited (India)
- PT Jindal Stainless Steel (Indonesia)
- TATA Steel (India)
- Arcelor Mittal Steel (KSA)

### Dairy

- PT Santos Krimer (Indonesia)
- Lilongwe Dairy (Malawi)
- Alpro (Belgium)
- Mother Dairy (India)
- Milkfarm Bahnitz (Germany)

### **Edible Oil**

- Cargill (Brazil)
  - Shabnam Vegetable Oil (Bangladesh)
  - Malabon Soap & Oil (Philippines)
  - PZ Wilmar (Nigeria)
  - Pan Century Edible Oils (Malaysia)

## Airport

(Singapore)



- Rome Airport (Italy)
- Perth Airport (Australia)
- Berlin Airport (Germany)
- Istanbul Ataturk Airport (Turkey)
- Venice Airport (Italy)

- - Polyplex (Turkey)
  - DeMillus (Brazil)
  - Gildan TM (Honduras)

Ferrero (Italy)



## **Recommended Water Quality**

Water quality is a critical factor for the smooth operation of the machine. Poor water quality can result in scaling of tubes, corrosion, choking or failure of tubes. Hence it is highly recommended that proper water quality be maintained throughout the life of the VAM.

### Allowable Range for Circulating Water in Chilled water and cooling water (< 40°C)

Items	Units	Copper	Cu:Ni (90:10)	SS316L	Titanium
pH (25°C)		6.8 - 8.5	6.8 - 8.5	6.8 - 8.5	6.8 - 8.5
TDS	ppm	< 600	< 20000	< 2500	4.00%
Turbidity	NTU	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10
M Alkalinity	ppm	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
Chloride Ion Cl <sup>-</sup>	ppm	< 300	< 10000	< 200	< 25000
Sulphates Ion SO <sup>₄</sup>	ppm	< 300	< 300	< 300	< 300
Silica	ppm	< 50	< 75	< 50	< 50
Total Hardness	ppm	< 300	< 300	< 300	< 300
Calcium Hardness	ppm	< 200	< 200	< 200	< 200
Total Iron Fe	ppm	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Sulphide Ion S <sup>-</sup>	ppm	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ammonium Ion NH4+	ppm	< 1	< 1	NA	NA
Biological Oxygen Demand	ppm	< 50	< 50	< 50	< 50
Chemical Oxygen Demand	ppm	< 100	< 100	< 100	< 100
Free Chorine	ppm	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2	< 0.2
Oil & Grease	ppm	< 1	< 1	< 1	< 1
Free Carbon dioxide	ppm	< 3	< 3	< 3	< 3
Phenol, cyanide, lead, manganese etc.	ppm	ND	ND	< 0.1	< 0.1

\*ND - Not Detected

\*NA – Not Applicable

#### NOTES:

- Avoid stagnant water in Machine for longer period. In case of more than 1 day of shut down, circulate water for 30 minutes in the Machine every day. For longer duration, drain the water from Machine and keep the Machine in dry conditions. There should be no stagnant zone in the water circuit near the Machine
- When the temperature is high (40°C or higher), generally the corrosion behaviour is noticeable, and when especially the steel material is directly in contact with water without the protective coating, the effective corrosive protection, such as the addition of corrosion inhibitor, degassing treatment should be applied.

Notes		



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#### **Thermax Business Portfolio**

- Heating
- O Cooling
- Power
- Air Pollution Control
- Chemicals
- O Water and Wastewater Solutions
- O Solar
- Specialised Services

This brochure presents only some of our products and we reserve the right to amend any product details without notice. The photographs used in the brochure are indicative and may not match the actual plant.

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